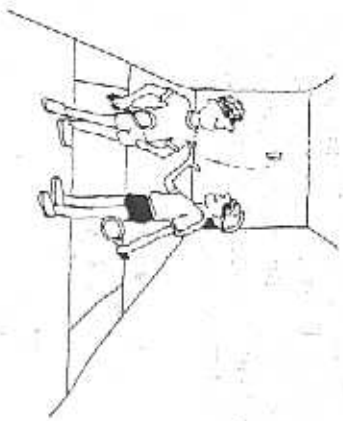
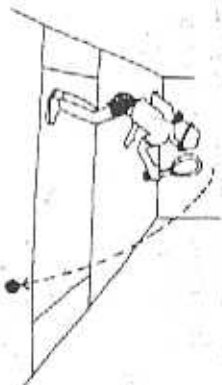


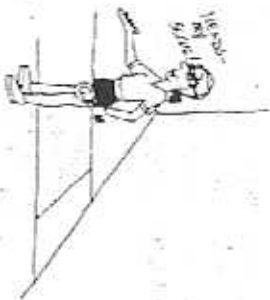
1. Joy and Bill flip a coin to determine who will serve first. Joy wins the toss and will serve first.



4. Joy must remain within the service zone until the ball crosses the short line.



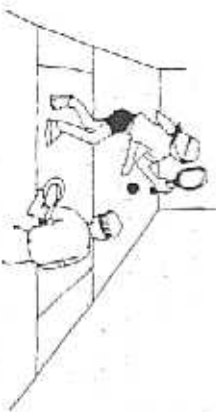
2. The right to serve is important because only the server can score a point.



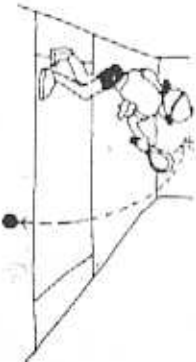
5. When serving, Joy is not permitted to step over either line bordering the service zone. If she does she will have committed a "foot fault." This is illegal.



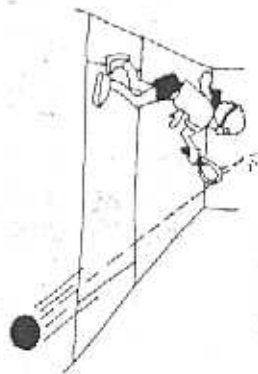
3. Joy must stand within the service zone when performing the serve.



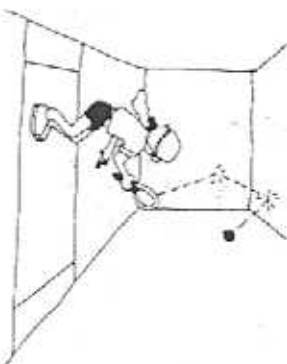
6. Joy must serve the ball hard enough that it contacts the front wall on a fly and rebounds beyond the short line before contacting the floor.



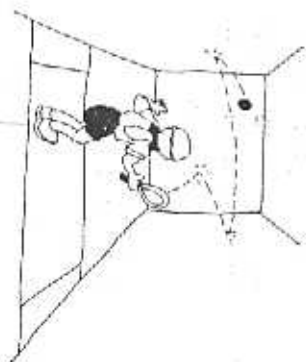
Joy has to be careful of not hitting the ball too hard. If after hitting the front wall the serve strikes the backwall before contacting the floor, this is a fault called a "long serve."



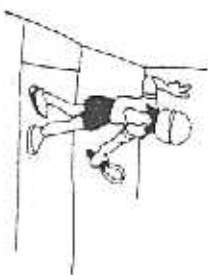
8. It is also a "fault" if Joy's serve hits the ceiling after first contacting the front wall.



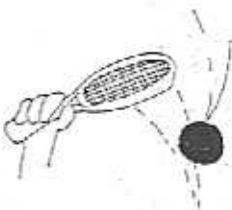
9. It is also illegal for Joy's serve to contact on the fly two side walls after rebounding off of the front wall. This violation is called a "three wall serve."



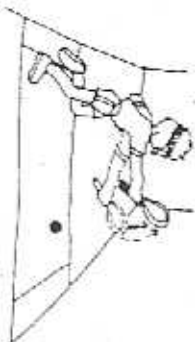
10. If Joy commits two fault serves in a row she loses her right to serve. Bill now serves.



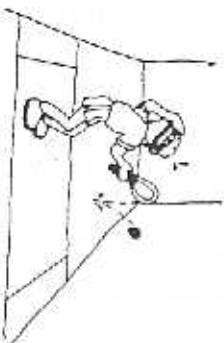
11. Joy lost her right to serve because she committed two fault serves in a row. You can also lose your right to serve if you commit an "out serve."



12. Bill must be careful not to commit an "out serve." Bill has committed an "out serve" if he swings at the serve and misses the ball or . . .



13. . . . serves a ball which fails to first contact the front wall or . . .

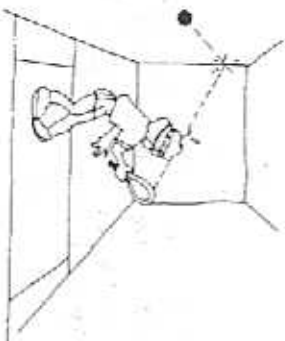


Racquetball Everyone Isaacs, Lumpkin, Scherer
Wiley Interscience 1992

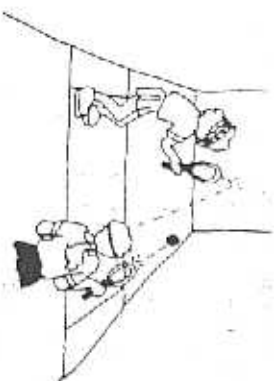
14. . . . fails to get out of the way of the ball after it rebounds off the front wall. Bill must not let the ball touch him



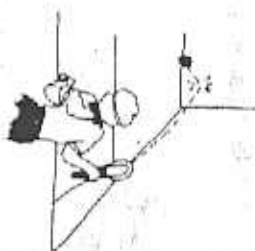
15. . . . serves a ball which contacts the junction of two playing surfaces such as front wall and floor, front wall and side wall, or front wall and ceiling. These violations are called "crotch serves."



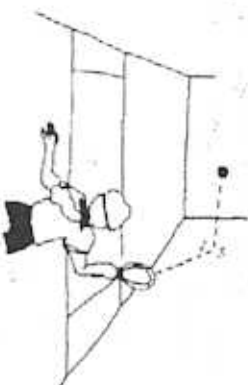
16. Once Bill has put the ball into play with a legal serve, Joy must return the ball to the front wall before it bounces twice.



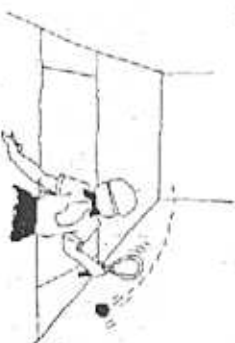
17. Joy's return of serve must reach the front wall before the ball is allowed to contact the floor.



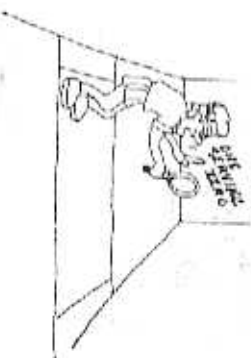
18. Joy's return, however, is allowed to hit other walls on its flight to the front wall.



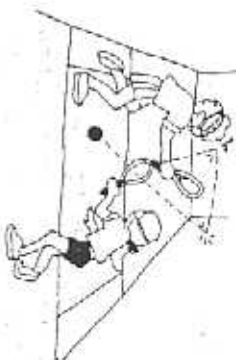
19. If Joy is unable to successfully return Bill's serve, Bill will score one point.



20. Before Bill serves again he should call out the score of the game. The server always calls out their score first. Example: "1 serving 0."



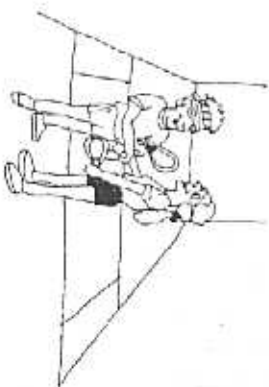
21. If Joy's return of serve is so good that Bill is unable to rally Joy's return, Bill loses his right to serve. This is called an "out" in singles play.



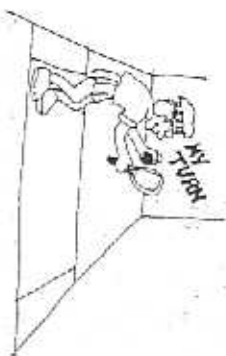
22. Both Joy and Bill are attempting to be the first to score 15 points. The first player to score 15 points wins the game. You need only be ahead by one point.



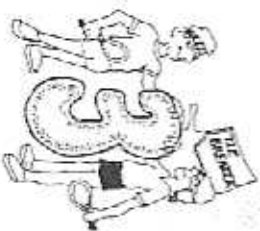
3. The winner of a match is the first person to win 2 games.



24. Regardless of who wins the first game, Bill is allowed to be the first server in the second game because Joy was the first server in the first game of the match.



25. If Bill wins one game and Joy wins one game, a special game called a "tie-breaker" is played. The winner of the tie-breaker wins the match. The winner of the tie-breaker is the first person to reach 11 points.



26. The player who has scored the most points in the first two games (add your scores for games 1 and 2) will be the first server in the tie-breaker.

